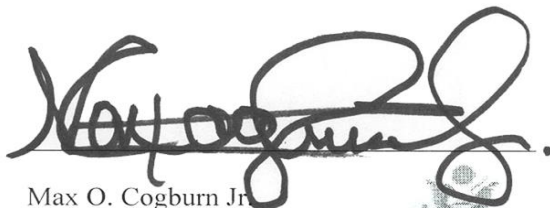


pandemic,” the Court is confident that the Bureau will speedily resolve Defendant’s compassionate release request. Id. (quoting Memorandum from Attorney Gen. to Dir., Bureau of Prisons 1 (Mar. 26, 2020)). Because Defendant has failed to exhaust administrative remedies provided by the Bureau, the Court declines to exercise any discretion it may have to modify Defendant’s term of imprisonment at this time. See, e.g., United States v. Vigna, No. 16-CR-786, 2020 WL 1900495, at *6 (S.D.N.Y. Apr. 17, 2020) (declining to address the exhaustion question and requiring a defendant to file a compassionate release request with the Bureau). Defendant may refile his motion after exhausting available administrative remedies.¹

ORDER

IT IS, THEREFORE, ORDERED that Defendant’s pro se Motion for Compassionate Release, Doc. No. 41, is **DENIED**.

Signed June 24, 2020



Max O. Cogburn Jr.
United States District Judge

¹ If Defendant chooses to refile his motion after exhausting available remedies, he should supply any supporting evidence that can offer, including evidence on his personal health, criminal history, disciplinary record in prison, and likely danger to the community if released. If Defendant is unable to attain records as he suggests, see Doc. No. 41, he should say so in a subsequent filing.